

### DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

#### OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT CHIEF OF STAFF FOR INSTALLATION MANAGEMENT **600 ARMY PENTAGON** WASHINGTON, DC 20310-0600

DAIM-ODB

May 22, 2018

Mr. John Kieling Chief, Hazardous Waste Bureau New Mexico Environment Department 2905 Rodeo Park Drive East, Building 1 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505-6303

RE: Final Groundwater Supplemental RCRA Facility Investigation Work Plan, Revision 4, Army's Response to Comments, New Mexico Environment Department Approval with Modifications letter dated April 18, 2018 reference number HWB-FWDA-15-001, Fort Wingate Depot Activity McKinley County, New Mexico.

Dear Mr. Kieling:

This letter is in reply to the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) Approval with Modifications letter dated April 18, 2018, reference number HWB-FWDA-15-001, regarding the Final Groundwater Supplemental RCRA Facility Investigation Work Plan, Revision 4. The following are the Army's responses to comments received from NMED.

#### Comments

### 1. Figure 9-1, Proposed Replacement Alluvial Well MW34

NMED Comment: Although the Permittee's Response to NMED's Comment 1 of the December 21, 2017 Disapproval letter for Final Groundwater Supplemental RCRA Facility Investigation Work Plan Revision 3 is satisfactory, Figure 9-1, Proposed Replacement Alluvial Well MW34 still depicts the location of the well more than 80 feet west of the area where petroleum contamination was discovered. Revise Figure 9-1 to be consistent with the proposed well location shown in Figure 2-1, Alluvial Contaminant Plumes and Proposed Alluvial Well Locations. Provide replacement page for Figure 9-1.

Army Response: Please find attached two copies of revised Figure 9-1.

## 2. Section 9.2, Background Monitoring Well Installation, lines 21-22, page 9-2

Permittee Statement: "BGMW11 is upgradient of sentinel wells MW23 and MW24, which have been unaffected by site activities."

NMED Comment: Some organic contaminants related to site activities have been detected in samples obtained from well MW23 sporadically while no organic contaminants have been detected from well MW24 in recent years. Well MW23 is screened from 64 to 134 feet below ground surface (bgs) while well MW24 is screened from 16 to 66 feet bgs according to Appendix B in the 2011 and 2012 Monitoring Well Installation and Abandonment Report Version 1, dated December 2012. The groundwater quality monitored in wells MW23 and MW24 has not been consistent

according to Table 5-1 in Groundwater Periodic Monitoring Reports. The saturated zones were reportedly encountered at 43 and 17.6 feet bgs in wells MW23 and MW24, respectively. Two different aquifers may be present in the vicinity of the proposed well BGMW11. An abandoned well (Wingate91) was installed in a similar location to where well BGMW11 is proposed according to Figure 5 in the Interim Facility- Wide Groundwater Monitoring Plan Version 2, dated March 28, 2008. Well Wingate91 was installed to a depth of 113.12 feet bgs in 1963; however, the well was not likely to be screened as a monitoring well because it was installed as a water supply well. Accordingly, construction data for well Wingate91 will not likely provide data on the presence or absence of separate aquifers. Propose to investigate whether separate aquifers are present in the response letter. If both shallow and deep aquifers are distinctly present in the vicinity of proposed well BGMW11, two separate background monitoring wells must be installed.

**Army Response:** Sporadic detections of organics have been recorded at well MW23 since the initial sampling conducted when the well was installed in 2011. MW24 has not had any detections of organics. The proposed location of BGMW11 is upgradient of MW24.

The intent of the background wells, such as BGMW11, is to assess the natural quality of ground water with similar origins and from depths comparable to the water sampled within the alluvial groundwater monitoring wells. The alluvial groundwater monitoring wells within the northern plume are screened at depths comparable to MW24, not the deeper MW23. For the intended purpose as a background well, a single shallow well is appropriate.

The water quality values reported in MW23 and MW24 are consistent with other alluvial monitoring wells found at FWDA, and are within range of groundwater found from a single water-bearing unit. Reviewing water quality data from MW23 and MW24 since 2012 to current shows the values have been within a ten-percent range of each other. Variances observed in the measurements between the two wells is expected, as change in ambient temperature and instrument accuracy in the field affects readings. Though MW23 and MW24 are screened at different depths, the boring log from MW23 (attached) does not support the existence of two separate and distinct water-bearing zones. The alluvium found at the FWDA is a highly heterogeneous unconsolidated silt with sand and clay, and varies between sandy to clayey intervals that are difficult to correlate between boreholes.

MW23 has much different purpose as a sentinel well for a nearby private production well and has a well screen length and depth that is intentionally similar to that private well. The sporadic, low-level detections in this well will be considered in the on-going efforts to define the northern groundwater plume.

The Army does not believe a separate investigation is needed proposes to forgo the investigation of multiple water bearing units within alluvium at the proposed BGMW11 location. The Army also proposes to install BGMW11 as stated in the above referenced work plan, with a targeted depth consistent with MW24, to achieve non-impacted native groundwater for the evaluation of groundwater background values.

If you have questions or require further information, please call me at (505) 721-9770.

Sincerely,

PATTERSON.MAR Digitally signed by PATTERSON.MARK.C.1229214493 Date: 2018.05.22 14:26:43 -04'00'

Mark Patterson BRAC Environmental Coordinator

#### **Enclosures**

Replacement Figure 9-1 (two copies) Soil boring log for MW23

#### CF:

Dave Cobrain, NMED HWB
Ben Wear, NMED HWB
Michiya Suzuki, NMED HWB
Steve Smith, USACE
Saqib Khan, USACE SWT
Sharlene Begay-Platero, Navajo Nation
Mark Harrington, Pueblo of Zuni
Clayton Seoutewa, SW BIA
George Padilla, Navajo BIA
Dr. B.J Howerton, BIA
Admin Record, OH/NM



#### Legend Proposed Alluvial





Existing Alluvial Monitoring Well Abandoned Alluvial Well

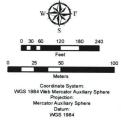


FWDA Parcel Boundaries FWDA SWMU/AOC Area

→ FWDA Railroad Lines

Notes Well FW26 was Abandoned in 2015

AOC = Area of Concern FWDA = Fort Wingate Depot Activity RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RFI = RCRA Facility Investigation SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit



# Updated on: 3/13/2018

## Sundance Consulting Inc.

#### Figure 9-1

PROPOSED REPLACEMENT ALLUVIAL WELL MW34

GROUNDWATER SUPPLEMENTAL RFI WORK PLAN

FORT WINGATE DEPOT ACTIVITY MCKINLEY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

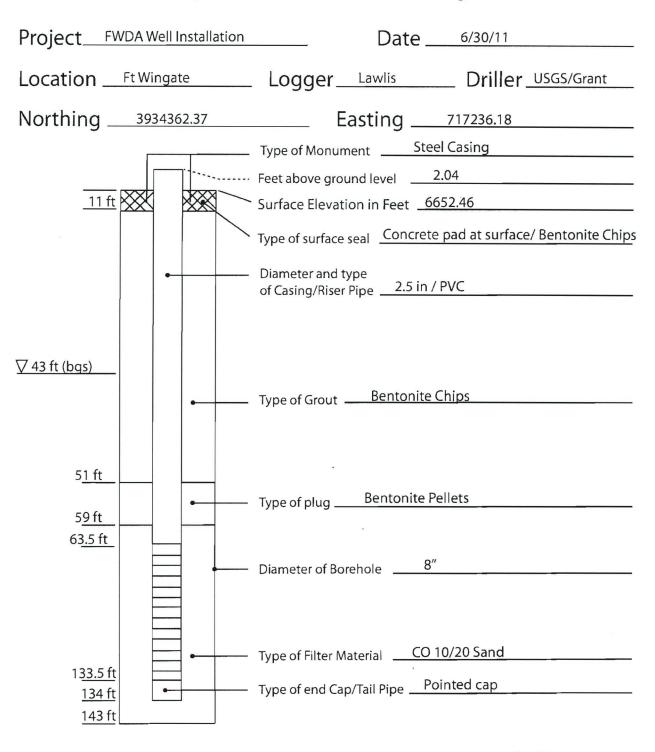
## GEOLOGIC BORING/WELL LOG

Page \_\_1\_of \_2\_

Project #: DHBR00		Project	Name:	<u>F</u> t Win	gate		Boring/Well #: MW-23				
Geologist: BRL	Drill	er/Com	ipany:	USGS	5						
Drilling Equip.: Hollow.Ste	em Auger				Date	e Start: 6/28	/11	Date Completed: 6/30/11			
Surface Elev.: 6652.46 ft	Top of Cas	sing Elev.:	6654.	50 ft	Tota	Depth: 14		Well Depth: 134			
Method of Drilling	·	Casing/I	Riser Ty	/pe			Screen Portion of Well				
	Auger	☐ Steel ☐ Galv ☑ PVC ☐ SS Drive Sho	□ v	hreaded Velded Solvent Velded es X No	be	eight above/ elow surface 2.04 Diameter	Material PVC  Diameter 2.5 in Length 70 ft  Set between 133.5 ft and 63.5 ft  Slot size .01 in				
Filter Pack		Annulus	Seal				Grout				
Size 10 - 20 Sand  Method of Install Gravity Fe  Composition  Volume Used 46 Bags  Depth to top of f.p. 67 ft			sed? f Instal	Grav	/ity F	eed	Used? Yes No Volume 12 Bags  Neat Cement X Bentonite  Method of Instal. Gravity Feed  Depth: from 59 ft. to 11 ft.				
Well Head Completion		Develop	ment				Static Water Level				
☐ Flushmount	Gallons E	/30/1	d6(	0		Initial					
DRILLING SAMPLE			GEOL	OGIC	LOG						
Depth PID Reading (ppm) Sample Type	0-6" Bloom	12-18" tun 18-24"	Recovery-(in)	USCS Class	Contact-Depth	Descriptions and Comments					
3 8 10-12 13 18 23 28 33 38					٠	Reddish Brown Silty Clay  " Light Brown Silt Reddish Brown Silty Clay  "  Brown Silty Clay Brown- Reddish Brown Silty Clay- Clay Large Nodules					

											·		1 490 01			
Project	Project #: DHBDR00 Project Name: Ft Win									ngate Boring/Well #: MW-23						
Geolog	Geologist: BRL Driller/Company: L										USGS					
Drilling Equip.: Hollow Stem Auger								Date Start: 6/28/11								
Surface Elev.: 6652.46 ft Top of Cas						ing E	lev.:	6654.		Total Depth: 143 ft Well Depth: 134 ft						
DRILLING SAMPLE GEOLG								OGIC	LOG							
Depth	PID Reading (ppm)	Sample Type	Sample (D	.9-0	6-12"	12-18"	18-24"	Recovery-(in)	USCS Class	Contact-Depth	Descriptions and Comments					
77 78 8 9	8 8 8 3 8 3										Sa L N p	More liq Less lime as all More liques lime More liques lime moducing uttings to	brown silty clay rge Nodules light moisture  " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "			

## Installation Report Monitoring Well MW-23



Remarks: \_See geologic boring/ well log for a more detailed description of soil log. Screen is 70 ft long.